



N-4067

Fourth Year B. Sc. (Nursing) Examination

August - 2021

Midwifery & Obstetrical Nursing

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 75

Instructions :

(1)

<p>નીચે દર્શાવેલ નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.</p> <p>Name of the Examination :</p> <p>Fourth Year B. Sc. (Nursing)</p> <p>Name of the Subject :</p> <p>Midwifery & Obstetrical Nursing</p> <p>Subject Code No. : 4 0 6 7</p> <p>Section No. (1, 2,.....): Nil</p>	<p>Seat No. :</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td> </tr> </table> <p>Student's Signature</p>						

2. All questions are compulsory
3. Right sided numbers are indicated as marks
4. Draw the figure whenever necessary
5. Answer each question in separate main answer sheet.

SECTION: I

1. Define the following (Any 8)

8* 1=8

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| a) Ectopic pregnancy | a) Dystocia |
| b) Maternal Mortality. | b) Lie |
| c) Pregnancy induced hypertension | c) Vesicular mole |
| d) Full term infant | d) Chloasma |
| e) Denominator | f) Puerperium |

2. Short answers (any 4)

4*5=20

- Contracted pelvis
- Nursing management of eclampsia
- Lactation
- Characteristics of new born
- Oxytocin
- Diagnosis of pregnancy

3. Mrs X. 28yrs, primipara, admitted with severe bleeding immediately after delivery and diagnosed as PPH.

- Define PPH 1m

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[Contd.....

- b) Enumerate etiology of PPH 1m
- c) Explain about immediate management of PPH 5m
- d) Describe the Preventive measures of PPH 3m

OR

Mrs. A , G₁P₀A₀L₀D₀, admitted in the hospital with the complaints of (1+1+8) labour pain. On P/A- uterus-37wks, irritable. P/V- C_x-10cm dilated, membrane -ruptured, station-+2

- a) Identify and define the stage of labour
- b) Enlist premonitory signs of labour
- c) Write down the nursing management of Mrs. A

SECTION: II

4. Give reasons (Any 7)

7* 1=7

1. Heart burn during pregnancy
2. Inj. Methergin is contraindicated in case of PIH
3. There is internal rotation of head during labour.
4. Oxytocin is less used in induction of abortion
5. Left lateral position is preferred while lying in pregnancy
6. Any two differences of True labour & false labour
7. Any two differences of Symmetrical & asymmetrical IUGR
8. What are the methods of natural placental separation?
9. MgSO₄ regimen in PIH

5. Short answers

4*5= 20

1. Prostaglandins
2. Minor disorders of pregnancy
3. Family planning
4. Episiotomy
5. Physiological changes in reproductive system during pregnancy
6. Methods of natural placental separation

6. Mrs. D delivered a female baby 2 days back of 2.7kg. Now baby (1+2+2+5) is diagnosed of having neonatal jaundice and is kept in NICU for phototherapy.

- a) Enlist the causes of neonatal jaundice
- b) Explain phototherapy in detail.
- c) Differentiate physiological and pathological jaundice of newborn
- d) Explain the nursing management of D/O Mrs.D

OR

- a. Define Perinatal Asphyxia (Asphyxia Neo-natrum)
- b. Discuss risk factors of perinatal asphyxia
- c. Management and prevention of perinatal asphyxia

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